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Dr. Drake's Collectors Library

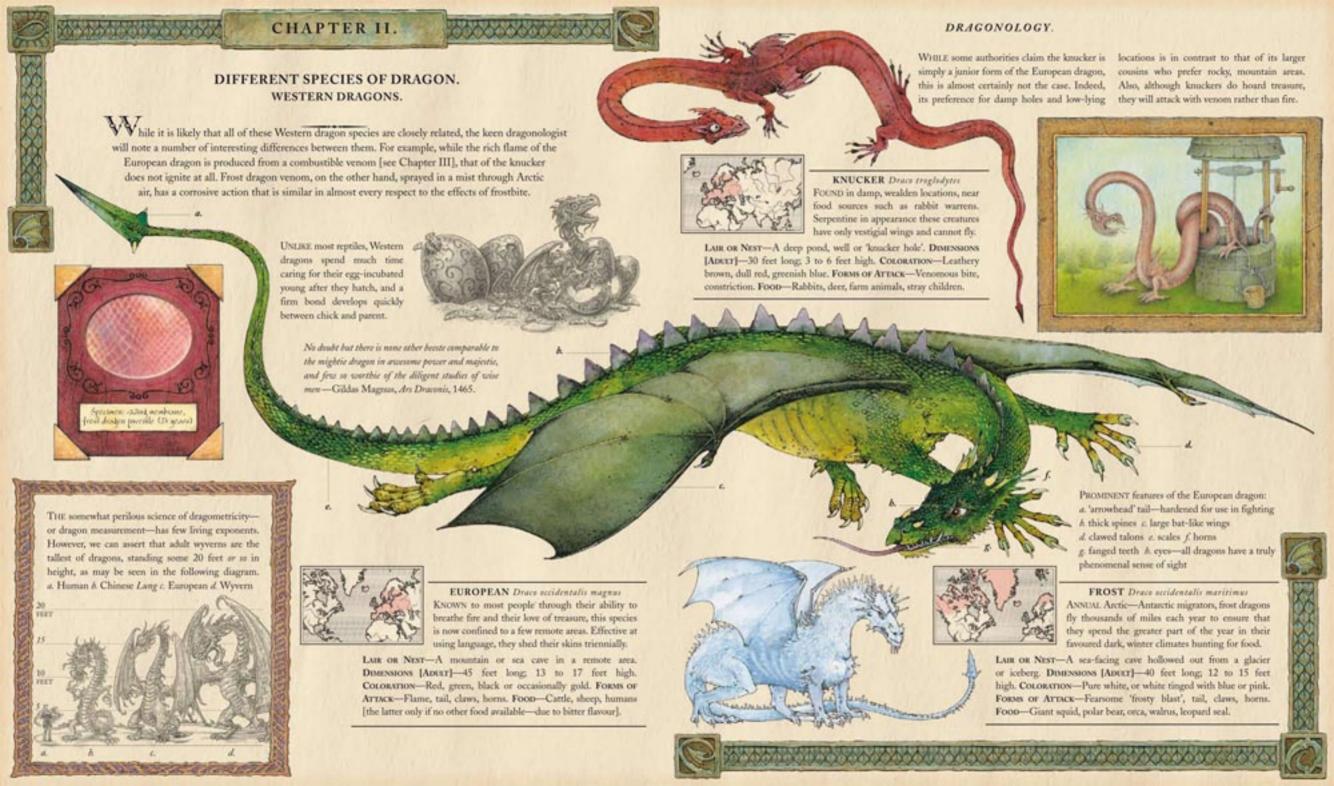
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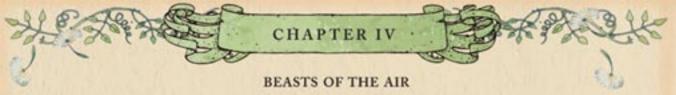
Dugald Steer

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The evolution of winged creatures has always been a mystery. It is conceivable that there was once a horse that could leap a little higher than others thanks to tiny wing-like buds on its back. Over the millennia, it is possible that these buds developed into proper wings. Although hard to imagine, something like this must have happened, as we have the existence of the winged hors



GRIFFIN Gryps vulgaris

ONCE common in much of Asia and
Europe, griffins are now confined to the
Tian Shan mountain region and have a
habit of hoarding gold and precious stones.

LAIR OR NEST—A shallow nest on the open steppe. DIMENSIONS [ADKET]—15 feet long; 8 to 10 feet high. APPEARANCE—Leonine body with aquiline front legs, head, and wings. FORMS OF ATTACK—Talons, beak. FORM—Any large herbivores, especially wild horses.



Above, Bellerophon on the winged borse Pegasus, slaying a chimera. Using one fabulous boast to help kill another is bordly conducive to conservation.

Winged borses, if you can locate them, are perfectly content to be ridden and are a much more comfortable option for long flights than a dragon, due to the softness of their coat.



WINGED HORSE Equas volucer FOUND among the remoter Greek islands, winged horses, although rare, are a remarkably friendly creatures, once initial contact has been made.

LAIR OR NEST—None, although, unlike the ordinary horse, it has no herding instinct. DIMENSIONS [ADULT]—6 to 9 feet long, 5 to 8 feet high. APPEARANCE—A winged pony with highly developed shoulder muscles. FORMS OF ATTACK—Biting, kicking. FOOD—Grasses.

